Appendix 2

Vocabulary checklist

This vocabulary checklist is reproduced from the *Framework for teaching mathematics: Years 7, 8 and 9*, section 5, pages 2–9.

Vocabulary checklist

Year 7

This list contains the key words used in the Year 7 teaching programme and supplement of examples. Some words will be familiar to pupils in Year 7 from earlier work. For definitions of the words you will need to refer to a mathematical dictionary or to the National Curriculum glossary on the QCA website at www.qca.org.uk.

Applying mathematics and solving problems

answer evidence explain explore investigate method problem reason, reasons results solution (of a problem) solve true, false

Numbers and the number system

Place value, ordering and rounding

approximate, approximately approximately equal to (≈) between compare decimal number decimal place digit equals (=) greater than (>), less than (<) greatest value, least value most/least significant digit nearest order place value round tenth, hundredth, thousandth to one decimal place (to 1 d.p.) value zero place holder

Integers, powers and roots

classify common factor consecutive divisible, divisibility divisor factor factorise highest common factor (HCF) integer lowest common multiple (LCM) multiple negative (e.g. -6) plus, minus positive (e.g. +6) prime prime factor property sign square number, squared square root triangular number

Fractions, decimals, percentages, ratio and proportion

cancel, cancellation convert decimal fraction equivalent, equivalence fraction lowest terms mixed number numerator, denominator percentage (%) proper/improper fraction proportion ratio, including notation 3 : 2 simplest form

Calculations

add, addition amount brackets calculate, calculation calculator: clear, display, enter, key, memory, change (money) commutative complements (in 10, 100) currency difference discount divide, division double, halve estimate exact, exactly exchange rate factor increase, decrease inverse multiply, multiplication nearly operation order of operations partition product quotient remainder rough, roughly sale price sign subtract, subtraction sum total

Algebra

Equations, formulae and identities

algebra brackets commutative equals (=) equation expression evaluate prove simplify, simplest form solution (of an equation) solve (an equation) squared substitute symbol term therefore (:.) unknown value variable verify Sequences, functions and graphs axis, axes consecutive continue coordinate pair coordinate point coordinates equation (of a graph)

finite, infinite

function machine

increase, decrease

relationship, rule

straight-line graph

x-axis, y-axis

sequence

term

function

generate graph

input, output mapping *n*th term origin predict

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x-coordinate, y-coordinate

Shape, space and measures

Geometrical reasoning: lines, angles and shapes

adjacent (side) angle: acute, obtuse, right, reflex angles at a point angles on a straight line base (of plane shape or solid) base angles centre circle concave, convex degree (°) diagonal diagram edge (of solid) equal (sides, angles) face horizonal, vertical identical (shapes) intersect, intersection line, line segment opposite (sides, angles) parallel perpendicular plane point polygon: pentagon, hexagon, octagon quadrilateral: arrowhead, delta, kite, parallelogram, rectangle, rhombus, square, trapezium regular, irregular shape side (of 2-D shape) solid (3-D) shape: cube, cuboid, cylinder, hemisphere, prism, pyramid, square-based pyramid, sphere, tetrahedron three-dimensional (3-D) triangle: equilateral, isosceles, scalene, right-angled two-dimensional (2-D) vertex, vertices vertically opposite angles

Transformations

axis of symmetry centre of rotation congruent line of symmetry line symmetry mirror line object, image order of rotation symmetry reflect, reflection reflection symmetry rotate, rotation rotation symmetry symmetrical transformation translate, translation

Coordinates

axis, axes coordinates direction grid intersecting, intersection origin position quadrant row, column *x*-axis, *y*-axis *x*-coordinate, *y*-coordinate

Construction and loci

construct draw measure net perpendicular protractor (angle measurer) ruler set square sketch

Measures and mensuration

area: square millimetre, square centimetre, square metre, square kilometre capacity: millilitre, centilitre, litre; pint, gallon length: millimetre, centimetre, metre, kilometre; mile mass: gram, kilogram; ounce, pound time: second, minute, hour, day, week, month, year, decade, century, millennium temperature: degrees Celsius, degrees Fahrenheit depth distance height, high

perimeter

width

surface, surface area

Handling data

average bar chart bar-line graph class interval data, grouped data data collection sheet database experiment frequency frequency chart frequency diagram interpret interval label mean median mode, modal class/group pie chart questionnaire range represent statistic, statistics survey table tally title

Probability

certain, uncertain chance, no chance, good chance, poor chance, fifty-fifty chance, even chance dice doubt equally likely fair, unfair likelihood likely, unlikely outcome possible, impossible probability probability scale probable random risk spin, spinner

Year 8

This list contains the new key words introduced in the Year 8 teaching programme and supplement of examples. Words from earlier years are also used. For definitions, refer to a mathematical dictionary or to QCA's glossary at www.qca.org.uk.

Applying mathematics and solving problems

conclude, conclusion counter-example deduce exceptional case justify prove, proof

Numbers and the number system

Place value, ordering and rounding

ascending, descending billion index power

Integers, powers and roots

cube, cube number cube root (e.g. ${}^{3}\sqrt{8}$) cubed (e.g. 2) prime factor decomposition to the power of *n* (e.g. 6)

Fractions, decimals, percentages, ratio and proportion

direct proportion recurring decimal terminating decimal unit fraction unitary method

Calculations

associative best estimate degree of accuracy distributive interest profit, loss service charge sign change key tax value added tax (VAT)

Algebra

Equations, formulae and identities

algebraic expression collect like terms formula, formulae linear equation linear expression multiply out (expressions) prove, proof transform verify

Sequences, functions and graphs

arithmetic sequence difference pattern flow chart general term gradient intercept linear function linear relationship linear sequence notation T(*n*) slope steepness

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Shape, space and measures

Geometrical reasoning: lines, angles and shapes

alternate angles bisect, bisector complementary angles congruent, congruence corresponding angles elevation equidistant exterior angle heptagon interior angle isometric mid-point plan view prove, proof supplementary angles tessellate, tessellation triangular prism view

Transformations

centre of enlargement enlarge, enlargement map plan scale, scale factor scale drawing

Construction and loci

compasses construction lines locus, loci perpendicular bisector straight edge

Measures and mensuration

bearing, three-figure bearing displacement foot, yard hectare tonne volume: cubic millimetre, cubic centimetre, cubic metre

Handling data

continuous data log discrete distance-time graph distribution interrogate line graph population pyramid primary source sample scatter graph secondary source stem-and-leaf diagram two-way table

Probability

biased event experimental probability sample sample space theoretical probability theory

Year 9

This list contains the new key words introduced in the Year 9 teaching programme and supplement of examples. Words from earlier years are also used. For definitions, refer to a mathematical dictionary or to QCA's glossary at www.qca.org.uk.

Applying mathematics and solving problems

generalise trial and improvement

Numbers and the number system

Place value, ordering and rounding

exponent greater than or equal to (≥) less than or equal to (≤) significant figures standard (index) form upper bound, lower bound

Integers, powers and roots

index, indices index law index notation

Fractions, decimals, percentages, ratio and proportion

proportional to (∝) proportionality

Calculations

compound interest constant cost price, selling price reciprocal

Algebra

Equations, formulae and identities

and, or common factor cubic equation cubic expression expand the product (of two linear expressions) factorise identically equal to (\equiv) identity index law inequality quadratic equation quadratic expression region simultaneous equations subject of the formula take out common factors

Sequences, functions and graphs

cubic function curve first/second difference identity function inverse function inverse mapping quadratic function quadratic sequence maximum/minimum point maximum/minimum value self-inverse

Shape, space and measures

Geometrical reasoning: lines, angles and shapes

angles and shapes arc centre (of circle) chord circumference convention cross-section definition derived property diameter hypotenuse pi (π) plane projection Pythagoras' theorem similar, similarity region radius region section sector segment similar, similarity tangent (to a curve)

Transformations

axis of rotation symmetry plane symmetry plane of symmetry

Construction and loci

circumcentre circumcircle circumscribed inscribed

Measure and mensuration

adjacent, opposite, hypotenuse angle of depression angle of elevation density pressure sine (sin), cosine (cos), tangent (tan) speed: miles per hour, metres per second

Handling data

bias census cumulative frequency estimate of the mean/median interquartile range line of best fit quartiles raw data representative (sample)

Probability

exhaustive independent limit mutually exclusive notation: p(n) for probability of event n relative frequency tree diagram